## CE0825a: Object Oriented Programming II 10: Project, Testing, Randomness

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Abertay University

Monday, 14th March 2016

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#### Submission Deadline End of Monday 18th April (week 13) Submission Format Two files in Blackboard Standalone runnable JAR file containing binary and source Project report (Word or PDF) Demonstration Week 13 timeslot, chosen during week 12 lal session

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Project report (Word or PDF)

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JAR file Hopefully you know what that is now! Including source The .java text files you edit and compile

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#### What your code does

- How it does it
- Why it does that

#### Screenshots

Explanations



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- How it does it
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#### Run your application, on a 32 bit Windows PC ... and impress me!

- Running on Mac, 64 bit Windows or Linux as well is good. Only running on one of those is not!
- Embedding the map images, or fetching from Driesh on demand, is fine.
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- During week 12's lab, pick a timeslot in week 13 to demonstrate
- Demonstrate during that timeslot
- Collect 50% of your module grade, pass go

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No, not being applied to your coursework! (Yet...)
 Good practice for development

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Good practice for development

#### Unit Test Test of a single component

#### What & When to Test?

#### From the start (Test Driven Development)

Legacy code: add to most problematic parts first

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When you make changes or fix bugs

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#### Plain old "import" makes a class available by short name

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So "import static" does that for static methods:

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#### Annotations

Annotations: little notes for various purposes, all starting with an @ symbol. For example, @Deprecated marks a function which shouldn't be used any more: each tiem you compile code that uses it, the compiler will warn you about that. Also used in JUnit, with @Test, which we're about to meet ...

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#### JUnit Introduction

```
JUnit: Testing framework
import static org.junit.Assert.assertEquals;
import org.junit.Test;
public class MyTests {
  0Test
  public void fooMustBeZero() {
    MyClass tester = new MyClass();
    assertEquals("foo returns 0", 0,
       tester.foo());
```

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## Running Individual JUnit Tests

```
-----
public class WeatherTest {
    @Test
   public void testForecastNormal()
        Forecaster forecaster = new
        // ... Setup
       assertEquals("normal", forec
    @Test
   public void testForecastCloudy()
       Forecaster forecaster = new
       // ... Setup
       assertEquals("cloudy", forec
    @Test
    public void testForecastRain() t
        Forecaster forecaster = new
       // ... Setup
       assertEquals("Rain", forecas
```

|                      | Open Type Hierarchy  | F4            | ι  |                   |    |                |
|----------------------|----------------------|---------------|----|-------------------|----|----------------|
| th                   | Open Call Hierarchy  | Ctrl+Alt+H    | E  |                   |    |                |
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|                      | Declarations         | •             |    |                   |    |                |
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|                      | Compare With         | •             | _  |                   |    |                |

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## JUnit View in Eclipse

 Eclipse has a JUnit View which lists all the tests in your project.

- Ctrl+F11 there will re-run all your tests
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## Running Tests From JUnit View

| 🛃 Problems @ Javadoc 😣 Dec  | larati        | ion 🕸 Debug J JUnit 🖾              |  |  |  |  |
|---|---------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Finished after 0.026 seconds  |               |                                    |  |  |  |  |
| Runs: 3/3   |               | Errors: 0                          |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>eclipseone.WeatherTest [Ru</li> <li>testForecastCloudy (0.01</li> <li>testForecastNormal (0.01)</li> </ul> | nner<br>10 s) | : JUnit 4] (0.013 s)<br>Go to File |  |  |  |  |
| testForecastRain (0.002   |               | Run                                |  |  |  |  |
|   |               | Debug                              |  |  |  |  |
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|   | Ċ             | New Task from Failure              |  |  |  |  |

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## Randomness & SecureRandom

- Random numbers are surprisingly important for games, encryption and other things. Unfortunately, also surprisingly difficult for computers!
- One of the 'Snowden revelations' was that the NSA had put a back door in one of the new standard RNGs. (Then, that another government had copied it into the US government's own firewalls...)
- SecureRandom is intended to be a cryptographically strong random number generator.

import java.security.SecureRandom; SecureRandom sr=new SecureRandom(); int x=sr.next(8); // new 8 bit value; or .nextBytes(array)

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#### Lab Task Week 10

## Write your own test code for some earlier lab work Add a test that gets a random number and tests it's 42

#### Lab Task Week 10

- 1 Write your own test code for some earlier lab work
- 2 Add a test that gets a random number and tests it's 42